

BAXTER SPRINGS NEWS

CHARLES L. SMITH, Editor and Proprietor.
BAXTER SPRINGS, - - KANSAS.

CURRENT COMMENT.

There are 141 theological schools in the United States, 52 law schools, 92 regular medical schools, 6 eclectic medical schools and 14 homeopathic.

Since the first of the year the metal mining industries of the United States have distributed over \$33,000,000 in dividends. These profits equal half the gold output in this country last year.

There is every probability that early next year the site of the Australian federal capital will be decided and plans for buying it out invited. The idea is that it should be one of the finest cities of its kind in the world, enjoying a salubrious climate.

The suite of the czar of Russia consists of 173 persons, of whom 15 are members of the imperial family, 17 are princes who are not of imperial birth, 17 are counts, 9 are barons, and the remaining 15 are men of noble birth of the lower rank.

The custom of keeping horse shoes for luck is said to have originated at the time when in every home was the picture of a patron saint. About the head of the saint was the distinguishing halo, which was frequently made of metal, sometimes the shape of a horse shoe.

At the birth of a Japanese baby a tree is planted, which must remain untouched until the marriage day of the child. When the nuptial hour arrives the tree is cut down, and a skillful cabinet maker transforms the wood into furniture, which is considered by the young people as the most beautiful of all ornaments in the house.

When a marriage takes place in China the wedding party enters the temple and lights a quantity of fireworks, including a number of fire-crackers. This is supposed to wake the "Great Joss" from his sleep. The priest repeats the service at express speed, the bride and groom take two little glasses of wine, and are then declared man and wife.

Our national motto, "E Pluribus Unum," was suggested to John Adams by an Englishman, Sir John Prentiss. Adams communicated the idea to the secretary of congress, Charles Thompson, who, on June 20, 1782 reported to congress his design for a government seal; in it the Latin legend was to be borne on a ribbon held in the beak of an eagle.

It has been stated that there is not a single representative of the fourth generation of a purely bred London family, and that if it were not for the constant infusion of country blood the population of the great city would be in a fair way toward extinction. In the London slums it is a fact that the third generation born and bred there lives and dies without any progeny.

This congress undoubtedly will declare that the rural free delivery system shall be a permanent institution and extend throughout the country, as the experiments have proved successful. In addition to this, an increased appropriation probably will be provided. Postmaster General Smith will ask congress for about \$2,500,000 for this service and \$17,140,000 for urban free delivery.

One of the Berlin reviews publishes a calculation on the number of letters distributed annually throughout the world. It gives the total as 12,000,000,000. Of these it says: 3,000,000,000 in English, 1,200,000,000 in German, 1,000,000,000 in French, 220,000,000 in Italian, 120,000,000 in Spanish, 100,000,000 in Dutch, 80,000,000 in Russian and 24,000,000 in Portuguese. The Anglo-Saxon is for the present very well in front.

They have a brand new porchhouse in Butler county, Pa., constructed and furnished at a cost of \$100,000. The owners of the porchhouse throughout the county have been extending help to some 400 persons, and it was expected that at least one-half that number would be willing to take up their residence in the palatial new home prepared for them. So far 16 persons only have consented to go there, and efforts to persuade others have failed.

In the city of Heidelberg, Germany, there is a church called the Church of the Holy Ghost, which is unique in its way, being the only church in the world in which the Protestant and Catholic services are held at the same time, a partition wall through the center separating the two congregations. In the year 1719 an attempt was made to deprive the Protestants of their half of the church, but the indignant townspeople, irrespective of creed, rebelled, and the elector was obliged to desist.

A Texas negro owes his liberty and pursuit of happiness to a sojourn in jail. He was apprehended on a charge of hog stealing and committed to jail pending his trial. At the time of his arrest he was a lanky, raw-boned specimen, but during the period of his incarceration he waxed so fat and improved so much in personal appearance that when, at the end of two months, the day set for the trial came around, none of the witnesses were able to swear that he was the man who stole the hogs. The judge discharged him.

The expression, "sub rosa," which means literally, "under the rose," had its origin in the days of Xerxes, when Persians, in 447 B. C., the commander of the Athenian and Spartan forces, was engaged in a conspiracy with the Persians to betray Greece and to obtain the hand of the monarch's daughter. The negotiations were all held in a building attached to the temple of Minerva, the roof of which was covered with roses. The plan was made "under the rose," the conspiracy was discovered in the morning.

THE HOPE OF PORTO RICO.

Commissioner of Education Brumbaugh Says the Illiteracy of the People There Must Be Reduced.

Washington, Nov. 15.—M. G. Brumbaugh, commissioner of education for Porto Rico, says the school system now in operation there includes 800 teachers and 38,000 pupils. This is only a beginning, as there are 300,000 children of school age without school facilities, most of whom would enroll if they could. Commissioner Brumbaugh says the hope of the island is in the public schools and that the great illiteracy in Porto Rico must be reduced. The schools are not to be compared with American systems, but their transformation must be gradual. Thousands of children in the island, says the report, are half-clad, half-fed and half-housed. At least 80 per cent. of all the people are illiterate and the crying need is schools to reduce the appalling illiteracy. There are no public school buildings and no public colleges or universities.

TO JOIN THE DEMOCRACY.

Charles A. Towne Will Issue an Address Urging Free Silver Republicans to Surrender Their Name.

Minneapolis, Minn., Nov. 15.—Charles A. Towne, chairman of the silver republican national committee, and other members of the committee have been in conference here over the party's future. It is understood that they will issue an address in which they will express the belief that the time has come for the giving up of the party organization and the merging of its members into the democracy. Allsilver and Lincoln republicans will be urged to become democrats in good standing.

NEW HAVEN FOR BOERS.

In German Southwest Africa Holland Will Purchase Land for the Exiled Boers, 15,000 in Number.

London, Nov. 15.—Holland has expressed a willingness to purchase on behalf of Mr. Kruger for the exiled Boers a portion of German southwest Africa. The German government has officially informed the colonial council that it will gladly grant permission to 15,000 Transvaal Boers to trek through the Kalahari desert to territory in southwest Africa.

Praying for a Male Heir. St. Petersburg, Nov. 15.—Special prayers are to be offered for a period of nine days in the church of St. Leonard, near Limoges, on behalf of the czarina, who earnestly desires a son and heir. The church is daily visited by large numbers of young married women, who pray to St. Leonard that she may be blessed with a male offspring. The czarina has three girls.

Read from a Historic B. B. Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 15.—The seventh annual convention of the United Daughters of the Confederacy was called to order Wednesday by Mrs. Edwin G. Weed, general president. The Bible from which the Scripture lesson was read was the same upon which Jefferson Davis took the oath of office as president of the confederate states.

Nebraska Republicans Get All. Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 15.—For the first time since the election the fusionists admit the election of the entire republican ticket. Dietrich's plurality for governor is 700. After January 1, for the first time in six years, every branch of the state government, with the exception of the supreme court, will be in the hands of the republicans.

Will Toss the World. Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 15.—Col. Ulick de Burgh, of the British army, is here buying horses for the queen's army. Col. de Burgh paid a great tribute to America yesterday. He said that this country is the center of the universe and predicted that in a century the United States would have undisputed sway over the world.

Heavy Drain on Britain's Finances. London, Nov. 15.—Financial experts agree that the supplemental grants to be applied for next month will run up the cost of the South African campaign to \$500,000,000, and that there are strong probabilities if hostilities are prolonged until spring that the aggregate will exceed \$550,000,000.

Marcus Daly's Great Fortune. New York, Nov. 15.—Some who best knew Marcus Daly say that his will bequeaths his immense fortune to his wife, to be held in trust for their four children. This fortune, it is estimated, is not less than \$40,000,000. Daly's body will be taken to Anaconda, Mont., for burial.

One Less Populist Legislator. Dallas, Tex., Nov. 15.—Returns from every legislative district in Texas show that, with the exception of Representative Calhoun, of Nacogdoches county, a populist, the next legislature will be solidly democratic. The senate and house combined will be democratic at the ratio of 138 to 1.

For the C. & O. Draw Cut. Washington, Nov. 15.—The president will submit to congress at the approaching session the claims of indemnification and for other substantial recompense of the British cable corporation which suffered as a result of the American occupation of the Philippines.

Fire Destroys Virginia College. Roanoke, Va., Nov. 15.—Fire totally destroyed Virginia college. The young lady students saved practically nothing of their effects. No lives were lost.

Population of Ohio and Georgia. Washington, Nov. 15.—The population of Ohio is 4,157,345, as against 3,672,316 in 1900. This is an increase of 13.3 per cent. The population of Georgia is 2,216,531, as against 1,837,353 in 1900. This is an increase of 20.6 per cent.

Pinedale Cut by Five Murders. Minneapolis, Minn., Nov. 15.—John Winnip was placed on trial yesterday at Moorhead for the murder of five members of the McArthur troupe. He pleaded guilty and will be sentenced to die.

SUICIDES IN THE ARMY.

Recent Statistics Show They Were Relatively Fewer in 1898-99 Than During the Ten Years Preceding.

Washington, Nov. 15.—Surgeon General Sternberg has prepared statistics making a comparison of cases of suicides and homicides which occurred in the army in 1898 and 1899, compared with the ten years between 1888 and 1897. It shows that there were relatively fewer homicides during those two years than during the previous decade. The average number of suicides per year in an army of 27,116 for ten years was 17. The ratio per thousand was .63 per cent. The strength of the army in 1898 is given at 147,795, the average number of suicides 38, and the percentage per thousand .26. The strength of the army in 1899 is given at 105,546 and the number of suicides at 20; ratio per thousand .28 per cent. During the ten years from 1888 to 1897 the homicides are given at 5.5 per cent. and the ratio per thousand at .20 per cent. For 1898 the number of homicides at 19, and the ratio per thousand at .13 per cent.; for 1899 the number of homicides at 23 and the ratio per thousand at .22 per cent.

IT CLOUDS SECURITIES.

The New Mortgage Tax Amendment Adopted by Missouri Voters Means Death to Loan for a Time.

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 15.—The Journal says: Never in all the history of Missouri has the state been placed in such a position as it is now, because of the acceptance by the voters of what is known as "the third amendment," at the polls last week. Its credit is damaged; loan companies are leaving the state, and banks cannot lend money on real estate, nor can brokers operate. A cloud has been cast upon every form of security in the state which is secured by mortgage, deed of trust or similar lien, even including tax bills; public and private work is tied up; the rates for interest have risen as far as the law will permit—in some instances having doubled—and capital is absolutely prohibited from investing.

OPPOSE ADULTERATION.

Kansas Millers, in Convention at Wichita, Take Steps to Prevent Fraud—Will Not Raise the Price.

Wichita, Kan., Nov. 15.—About 150 millers from all over the state are in attendance at the Kansas Millers' convention, which is in session here. The most important question that came up for discussion yesterday was the proposed raise in flour. The use of adulterants is also being dealt with, and measures will be taken to introduce legislation that will call for a heavy fine to be imposed upon all millers adulterating their flour. After long deliberation the association last night decided not to change price of flour but to leave it at its present rate of \$1.80 per 100 pounds for standard flour.

WILL RETURN TO PEKIN.

Imperial Edict Announces That the Emperor and Dowager Empress Are to Reside at the Capital.

Tien Tsin, Nov. 15.—It is reported that an imperial edict has been issued announcing that Emperor Su and the empress dowager will return to Peking. A Russian column of 330 men with four guns which left here November 4 returned November 9, having engaged the Chinese. At Hsia Tsang the Russians fought 2,000 Chinese troops, dispersing them and killing 200. The Russians had no casualties. The population of the city of Tien Tsin now reaches 600,000. The Chinese and the allies are strengthening the garrison against a possible surprise. It is supposed that one-third of the inhabitants are "boxers."

Will Ask for \$121,000,000. Washington, Nov. 15.—Postmaster General Emory Smith has framed his estimates to be submitted to congress and will ask an aggregate of about \$121,000,000 as the appropriation for the entire service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1902. This includes an estimate of \$5,500,000 for the rural free delivery service.

Delaware's Official Vote. Washington, Nov. 15.—The complete official vote of Delaware for president is McKinley, 22,457; Bryan, 18,856; McKinley's plurality, 3,601. Four years ago the plurality for McKinley was 3,716.

Root and Wood Touring Cuba. Havana, Nov. 15.—Secretary Root and Gen. Wood and their party left here for Cienfuegos, province of Santa Clara, by special train Wednesday. There the Viking will be boarded for a trip along the coast.

Gar. Botha Offers to Surrender. London, Nov. 15.—Commandant General Botha, according to a dispatch to the Daily Mail from Pretoria, has sent to Lord Roberts a statement of the terms on which he will surrender.

Three Will Lose Congressmen. Washington, Nov. 15.—If the next congressional apportionment is on the basis of one representative to every 900,000 of population, as now seems probable, Maine, Virginia, Kansas and Nebraska will each lose a representative in the lower branch of congress.

Just Statute in Louisiana. Oklahoma, City, Ok., Nov. 15.—A call for a joint statehood convention, composed of 600 delegates from Oklahoma and Indian territories, has been arranged. The convention will meet in South McAlester, December 10.

The Earthquake at Caracas. Washington, Nov. 15.—Mr. Russell, United States chargé at Caracas, reports that the earthquake in Colombia last month was much more severe than at first described. The people deserted their houses and slept in the streets and between 12,000 and 15,000 buildings were destroyed or damaged.

Lead for the Berlin Boers. London, Nov. 15.—Holland has expressed a willingness to give the Berlin correspondent of the Daily Express, to purchase on behalf of Mr. Kruger for the exiled Boers a portion of German southwest Africa.

LIFE-SAVING SERVICE.

Help Rendered to 364 Vessels, on Board of Which Were 2,855 Persons, of Whom 48 Were Lost.

Washington, Nov. 14.—S. I. Kimball, general superintendent of the life-saving service, in his annual report to Secretary Gage, says that at the close of the fiscal year the establishment embraced 209 stations, 194 being on the Atlantic, 58 on the lakes, 16 on the Pacific and one at the falls of the Ohio, at Louisville, Ky. The number of disasters to documented vessels within the field of operations of the service during the year was 364. There were on board those vessels 2,855 persons, of whom 2,807 were saved and 48 lost. Six hundred and 73 shipwrecked persons received succor at the stations, to whom 1,447 days' relief in the aggregate was afforded. The estimated value of the vessels involved in disaster was \$6,127,500, and of their cargoes \$3,342,690, making a total value of property imperiled \$9,470,190. Of this amount \$7,234,690 was saved and \$2,235,500 lost. The number of vessels totally lost was 61.

In addition to the foregoing there were during the year 359 casualties to small craft, such as small yachts, sail boats, row boats, etc., on board of which were 781 persons, of whom five were lost. The property involved in these instances is estimated at \$267,070, of which \$236,770 was saved and \$30,300 lost.

DEAD LETTER OFFICE.

Large Increase of Undelivered Mail Over Last Year—Many Letters Contained Cash and Valuable Papers.

Washington, Nov. 14.—The annual report of the superintendent of the dead letter office shows the large increase of total receipts of undelivered mail matter over the previous year of nearly ten per cent. The number of pieces of mail received from all sources was 7,536,158, against 6,855,963 for the preceding year. Letters and parcels held for postage numbered 344,619, and the misdirected 422,793. Nearly 35,000 letters were received which bore no addresses whatever. The letters addressed to the guests of hotels and undelivered numbered 269,624. The total number of unclaimed parcels of all descriptions was 180,914. There were 660,461 pieces of mail matter addressed to foreign countries and returned from there as undeliverable. The number of letters and parcels opened was 6,676,093, an increase over the preceding year of 9 1/2 per cent. There were 30,533 letters containing an aggregate of \$44,140 and letters containing drafts, notes, money orders, etc., of the face value of \$1,136,045. Foreign letters and parcels found undeliverable and returned to countries of origin numbered 606,412.

FREEDMEN'S AID SOCIETY.

It Considers the Appropriations for the Academies for White People—A Talk on the Disfranchisement Acts.

New York, Nov. 14.—The Freedmen's Aid and Southern society met at Newark, N. J., yesterday with Bishop Edward G. Andrews presiding. There was a long discussion preceding the consideration of appropriations for the academies for white people. It was explained that the field of the academies was among the poor whites and they were doing fine work both in instruction provided by the schools themselves and as feeders for the Fort Worth and United States Grant universities.

Bishop Mallalieu, in talking on the subject, spoke of the effect on the aims of the society of the disfranchisement acts of the south. He said: "I hope to see the day when the flag shall protect all Americans on American soil." This started a debate on disfranchisement, the speakers connecting it with the question under consideration by the idea that the work among the whites in the states which had passed "disfranchisement" laws should be increased rather than diminished.

RUSSELL HARRISON OUT.

Son of the Ex-President Gets Honorable Discharge from the Army, His Services Being No Longer Needed.

Washington, Nov. 14.—Lieut. Col. Russell B. Harrison, inspector general, United States volunteers, has been honorably discharged from the service of the United States, to take effect December 1, his services being no longer required. Col. Harrison is a son of ex-President Harrison and has served in the volunteer establishment since the outbreak of the Spanish war.

Jose James' Widow Dead. Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 14.—Mrs. Zerelda James, wife of Jesse James, the outlaw, died at her home in this city yesterday morning after an illness of ten months. In January of this year Mrs. James was attacked with the grip. Complications developed and she had been confined to her bed almost continuously since she first became ill. Her body will be buried at Kearney, Clay county, where Jesse James is buried.

Two Children Burned to Death. Winter Haven, Fla., Nov. 14.—Two children of Mrs. Myra Gaines, who were locked in the house by their mother, were burned to death here yesterday.

The Most Exalted Mason Dead. San Francisco, Nov. 14.—Thomas Hubbard Caswell, a pioneer of 1846, who was prominently identified with the early history of the state and the most exalted mason in point of rank in the world, died at his residence in this city yesterday.

Lead for the Berlin Boers. London, Nov. 15.—Holland has expressed a willingness to give the Berlin correspondent of the Daily Express, to purchase on behalf of Mr. Kruger for the exiled Boers a portion of German southwest Africa.

PHILIPPINE POSTAL AFFAIRS.

Director General Vallie Says Mailers Do Little Letter-Writing and Are Slow to Acquire English.

Washington, Nov. 14.—F. W. Vallie, director general of posts of the Philippine islands, in his annual report to the postmaster general shows a surplus of \$19,628 to the credit of the Philippine postal service. The revenue to June 30 last was \$117,848 and the expenditures \$98,220, making both years of the department's existence show a surplus. Decided progress has been made in opening post offices. It has been the endeavor to have an officer in charge as clerk wherever the number of troops made it impracticable for the army mail orderlies to do the work. Mr. Vallie says the correspondence between the natives on the islands is "as near nil as that of ranchers and planters at our army posts in the states." There are now 21 post offices under the charge of Americans, of which 11 are money order offices. Thirty-seven other offices are in charge of army officials for the sale of stamps and the handling of registered matter.

The Filipinos have made little progress in acquiring a knowledge of English. Railway postal service has been maintained on the only railway line in the Philippines. The report urges new post office quarters in Manila. Following our occupation of Manila all prices have increased and rents have been raised everywhere. The letter-carrier service at Manila is reported as an eyesore and an abomination until there can be secured a sufficient number of English-speaking Filipinos, added to which difficulty is notorious dishonesty of the native servants. During the year 37,734 money orders were issued for \$1,326,310, against less than \$500,000 last year. The report says the time is not ripe yet for civil service examinations for appointment to this service. It is predicted that with the withdrawal of American troops and the consequent turning over of the telegraph to the civil government the telegraph operators will have to act as postmasters in all but the largest towns.

WANTS ALL TO REMAIN.

At a Cabinet Meeting Tuesday President McKinley Expressed the Wish That His Official Family Remain Unbroken.

Washington, Nov. 14.—At the meeting of the cabinet Tuesday President McKinley, discussing the recent elections and their results, expressed the hope that every member of the cabinet would remain in his official family during the next four years. He regarded the results of the elections as an endorsement not only of his own ideas and policies, but also of the administration of every department of the government.

At the cabinet meeting each of the members furnished a forecast of his annual report, but none of the reports was in shape for formal presentation. It was practically decided that the recommendation in the message on the subject of war revenue taxes will advocate a small reduction, sealing down the total revenue about \$15,000,000. Just where this decrease will be made has not been determined.

The Center of Population. Columbus, Ind., Nov. 14.—The census bureau has announced that the center of population of the United States is Columbus, Ind. Ten years ago it was located at Westport, 18 miles east of here. Citizens of Columbus have been claiming the center ship for several years.

The Kentucky Has Passed Morocco. Algiers, Nov. 14.—The United States battleship Kentucky has arrived here. Her captain reports that the ship behaved splendidly in the heavy weather encountered in the Atlantic. The Kentucky will leave Thursday after coaling for the China station.

National W. C. T. U. Convention. Chicago, Nov. 14.—Mrs. I. M. N. Stevens, president, has issued the call for the national convention of the Woman's Christian Temperance union, which will meet at Washington, November 30 and continue in session until December 7.

Lawrence Pollock's Exemption. St. Louis, Nov. 14.—The federal court of appeals, Judge Henry C. Caldwell presiding, has just decided that life insurance policies are exempt from bankruptcy proceedings.

Burned 200,000 lbs. of Wheat. Fort Worth, Tex., Nov. 14.—Fire Tuesday destroyed the Wichita Falls mill and elevator. Over 200,000 bushels of wheat were burned with the building. Loss, \$140,000.

A Success in Point of Attendance. Paris, Nov. 14.—Official statistics show that the Paris exposition was a gigantic success from the point of attendance, which was double that of the exposition of 1889. When the gates of the exposition of 1900 closed last night more than 50,000,000 persons had passed through.

Two Children Burned to Death. Winter Haven, Fla., Nov. 14.—Two children of Mrs. Myra Gaines, who were locked in the house by their mother, were burned to death here yesterday.

The Most Exalted Mason Dead. San Francisco, Nov. 14.—Thomas Hubbard Caswell, a pioneer of 1846, who was prominently identified with the early history of the state and the most exalted mason in point of rank in the world, died at his residence in this city yesterday.

Lead for the Berlin Boers. London, Nov. 15.—Holland has expressed a willingness to give the Berlin correspondent of the Daily Express, to purchase on behalf of Mr. Kruger for the exiled Boers a portion of German southwest Africa.

KENTUCKY IS DEMOCRATIC.

Bryan's Plurality in the State Will Be Over 7,000 and Beckham's 4,000—Republicans May Contest.

Louisville, Ky., Nov. 11.—With unofficial returns from every precinct in Kentucky the Courier-Journal puts Bryan's majority at 7,635 and Beckham's 4,110. There is no doubt that the full official returns will vary somewhat from the unofficial figures. It is hardly possible that the majorities of 7,635 and 4,110 shall be wiped out, however, unless the unexpected happens in the counties where the official returns are not in. It is currently reported that republican managers are in communication with federal officials with a view to having an investigation of the election in the state as far as electors and congressmen are concerned. It is stated that this would indirectly have some effect on the claims for governor.

REPUBLICANS GET ALL.

McKinley's Plurality in Nebraska Will Be in Excess of 8,000—Dietrich Elected Governor by Small Majority.

Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 11.—President McKinley will go out of Nebraska with a plurality slightly in excess of 8,000, and a majority over all of nearly 2,000. Complete returns from 85 of the 90 counties in the state give McKinley 120,647; Bryan, 111,557. The remaining five counties, based on the vote of four years ago, make the total for McKinley 122,832; Bryan, 114,162. McKinley's plurality, 8,670. Returns from the 84 counties show Dietrich (rep.) for governor to be 1,621 ahead of Poynter, fusion. The remaining counties will cut Dietrich's lead down about 400. Dietrich is the lowest man on the ticket, so that the entire republican state ticket is elected.

UNTIL FOUR YEARS HENCE.

Republican National Headquarters in Chicago and New York Closed—Speakers Furnished for 15,000 Meetings.

Chicago, Nov. 11.—With the exception of Henry C. Hedges' department in New York, republican headquarters were permanently closed last night. The speakers' bureau, over which Mr. Hedges presided, will not be closed for at least a month. That much time will be required to make settlements with the speakers, the transportation companies, and the various state committees. It is estimated that the bureau furnished speakers for no less than 15,000 meetings. This would be an average of 30 speeches for each man.

COMMITMENTS INVALID.

Decision of the Nebraska Supreme Court May Release All Reform School Inmates in That State.

Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 11.—The Nebraska supreme court has decided that the commitment by court of incorrigible youths or girls to the reform school without trial by judge is contrary to the constitution and therefore invalid. The general practice has been to have county judges pass sentence. The effect of the decision will be to discharge from custody at the reform schools in the state 200 or 300 incorrigibles.

TYPHOON AT HONG KONG.

It Raged All Night and Great Damage and Loss of Life Occurred Among the Native Craft.

Hong Kong, Nov. 11.—A typhoon struck the town last evening and raged until morning. A British river gunboat was sunk, but her crew is reported to be safe. Great damage and loss of life occurred among the native craft but it is impossible as yet to ascertain the full extent.

May Overthrow Colombia. Guayaquil, Nov. 11.—Reports received here by steamer from Panama indicate that the liberal rebellion in Colombia will result in the overthrow of the government. Important military operations have been carried out during the last month and the government has met with severe losses.


For Failure to Bailout Trains. Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 11.—The state of Indiana has entered suit in the supreme court against the Big Four Railway company for \$227,700 for violations of the state law requiring railway companies to post bulletins announcing the arrival and departure of trains.

8-11 Hours for the Boers. Marseilles, Nov. 11.—Mrs. Eloff has arrived here to await the arrival of Mr. Kruger, her grandfather. In the course of an interview she said: "The difficulties surrounding Great Britain are so great that the Boers are convinced they will finally gain the upper hand."

Large Female Vote in Wyoming. Cheyenne, Wyo., Nov. 11.—The women of Wyoming exercised their right of suffrage to a greater extent in the recent election than ever before, and it is estimated that they cast at least 7,000 of 23,000 votes polled on November 6.

Texas Electrical Workers Strike. Houston, Tex., Nov. 12.—A Notice was given out at Dallas late last night saying all electrical workers in Dallas will strike this morning. It was also said that all the members of the Southwestern Telephone company are going to strike to-day in sympathy with the strike of telephone operators in the southern cities of the state. The strike is now at Houston, San Antonio, Galveston and Waco and grows out of grievances of the operators at San Antonio and Waco.

The Execution of Chicago Anarchists. Chicago, Nov. 12.—Herr Mott, with his fierceness subdued to gentleness, was the orator here last night of the thirtieth anniversary of the anarchists Parsons, Spies, Fischer and Engel. The meeting was held in Central Music hall. The place was free of uniformed policemen, but two city detectives stood on the edge of the crowd in the lobby. Lucy Parsons was conspicuous by her absence and a big United States flag was displayed with the red flag next in the decoration of the stage.



Beware of Them

There are two afflictions which perhaps give the most pain and trouble, viz:

Sciatica
and
Lumbago

Both disable and cripple, but

St. Jacobs Oil

is their best cure.

PROMISED TO OBEY HER.

How a Sharp Minister Got the Better of a Smart Bridegroom.

The groom entered alone and said confidently: "Do you use the word 'obey' in your marriage service, Mr. —?"

"No," said the minister, "relates the Woman's Journal, 'I do not usually.'"

"Well," said the expectant benedict, "I have come to ask you to marry me now, and I want it used."

"Certainly," replied the other, "it shall be done," and presently the couple stood solemnly before him.

"James T.," said the clergyman, "do you take this woman to be your wedded wife?"

"I do."

"Do you solemnly promise to love honor and obey her so long as you both shall live?"

Horror and rebellion struggled with the sanctities of the occasion on the bridegroom's face, but he chokingly responded "I do," and the meek bride decorously promised in her turn.

After the ceremony was over the bridegroom said excitedly aside to the grave minister:

"You misunderstood me, sir, you misunderstood me. I referred to the woman's promising to obey."

"Ah, did you, indeed?" solemnly answered his reverend neighbor. "I think what is good for one side is good for the other, don't you? And, my friend, it is my advice to you to say nothing more about it, for as an old married man, I can tell you you'll have to obey anyhow."

CHEAPER THAN A FUNERAL.

He Concluded to Pay the Doctor's Bill as an Economical Move.

A well-known North Dakota magistrate tells the following story, the truth of which he vouches for. At a small town in the state there were two doctors, one of whom had a great reputation for the cures he effected, and the other was not believed to be "much good." The favored doctor found his services in great request, but as payment was not always forthcoming he made a rule that a certain class of his patients should pay in advance.

One winter's night he was roused by two farmers from a hamlet ten miles away, the wife of one of whom was seriously ill. He told them to go to the other doctor, but they refused, saying they would prefer his services. "Very well," replied the doctor, "in that case my fee is ten dollars, the money to be paid now."

The men remonstrated, but the doctor was obdurate, and shut down his window. He waited, however, to hear what they would say. "Well, what will you do now?" asked the farmer whose wife was ill. And the reply that was given must have been as gratifying as it was amusing to the listening doctor. It was:

"I think you would better give it. The funeral would cost you more."

WOMEN MUST SLEEP.

Avoid Nervous Prostration.

If you are dangerously sick what is the first duty of your physician? He quiets the nervous system, he deadens the pain, and you sleep